# THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON

OLUME XIV.—New s—WASHINGTON CITY D. C. SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 6, 1851. NO XI *Whole Numbe* MCCXV

**THE HUNTRESS**
Is Published every Saturday at $2 50 cents per annum,
BY
MRS. ANNE ROYALL.
At the corner of North B, and third streets, CAPITOL HILL.

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 6, ::::1851


## THE RESCUED CRIMINAL.

A great number of persons who know the celebrated Dr. B——, a professor of the College of Surgeons, have often heard him relate the following anecdote,

One day that he had procured the bodies of two criminals, who had been hung, for the purpose of anatomy, not being able to find the key of the dissecting room at the moment the two subjects were brought, he ordered them to be deposited in an apartment contiguous to his bed-room.

During the evening, Dr. B—— wrote and read as usual, previous to retiring to rest. The clock had struck just one, and the family slept soundly, when all at once a dull sound proceeded from the room containing the bodies.

Thinking that perhaps the cat had been shut up there by mistake, he went to see what could be the cause of the unexpected noise. What was his astonishment, or rather his horror, on discovering that the sack which contained the bodies was torn asunder, and on going nearer, he found that one of the bodies were missing.

The doors and windows had been fastened with the greatest care, and it appeared impossible that the body could have been stolen, The good doctor felt rather nervous on remarking this, and it was not without an uneasy sensation that he began to look about him, when, to his horror and amazement, perceived the missing body sitting upright in the corner.

Poor Dr. B ——, at this unexpected apparition, became transfixed with terror, which was increased by observing the dead and sunken eyes of the corpse fixed upon him—which way he moved, those dreadful eyes still followed him.

The worthy doctor, more dead than alive, now began to beat a quick retreat, without, however losing, sight of object of his terror, he retreated step by step, one hand holding the candle, and the other extended in search of the door, in which he at length gained but there is no escape, the spectre has risen, and followed him, whose lived features, added to the lateness of the hour and the stillness of the night seem to conspire to deprive the poor doctor of the little courage he has left—his strength fails, the candle falls from his hand, and the terrible scene is now in complete darkness.

The good doctor has, however, gained his apartment, and thrown himself on his bed—but the fearful spectre has still followed him—it has caught him, and seizes hold of his feet with both hands. At this climax of terror, the doctor loudly exclaimed—

'Whoever you are, leave me.'

At this, the spectre let go its hold, and moaned feebly these words—

'Pity, good hangman! have pity on me!'

The good doctor now discovered the mystery, and regained, by little and little, his composure. He explained to the criminal, who had so narrowly escaped death, who he was, and prepared to call up some of his family.

'Do you then, wish to destroy me?' exclaimed the criminal. 'If I am discovered my adventure will become public, and I shall be brought to the scaffold the second time. In the name of humanity save me from death!'

The good doctor then rose and procured a light—he muffled his unexpected visitor in an old dressing gown, and having made him take some restoring cordial, testified a desire to know what crime had brought him to the scaffold.

He was a deserter.

The good doctor did not know what means to employ to save the poor creature. He could not keep him in his house, and to turn him out would be to expose him to certain death. The only way then, was to get him in the country. so having made him dress himself in some clothes, which the kind doctor selected from his wardrobe, he left town early, accompanied by his protege, whom he represented as an assistant in a difficult case upon which he had been called in.

When they had got into the open country, the wretched creature threw himself at the feet of his benefactor and liberator, to whom he swore an eternal gratitude—and the generous doctor, having relieved his wants by a small sum of money, the grateful creature left him, with many blessings and prayers for his happiness.

About twelve years after this occurrence, Dr. B.—— had occasion to visit Amsterdam. Having gone one day to the bank, he was accosted by a well dressed man—one who had been pointed out to him as one of the most opulent merchants of the city.

The merchant asked him politely if he was Dr. B—— of London, and on his answering him in the affirmative, pressed him to dine at his house, which invitation the worthy doctor accepted. On arriving at the merchant's house he was shown into an elegant apartment, where a most charming woman and two lovely children welcomed him in the most friendly manner, which reception surprised him the more, coming from persons he had never before met.

After dinner, the merchant, having taken him into his countinghouse, seized his hand, and having pressed it with friendly warmth, said to him,

'Do you not recollect me?'

'No,' said the doctor.

'Well then, I remember you well, and your features will never be obliterated from my memory—for to you I owe my life. Do you know the poor deserter? On leaving you, I went to Holland. Writing a good hand, and being a good accountant, I soon obtained a situation as clerk in a merchant's office. My good conduct and zeal soon gained for me the confidence of my employer and the affection of his daughter. When he retired from business, I succeeded him, and became his son-in-law; but without you, without your care, without your generous assistance, I should not have lived to enjoy so much happiness. Generous man! consider henceforth my house, my fortune and myself, as wholly yours.'

The kind doctor was affected even to tears, and both these happy beings participated in the most delightful expressions of their feelings, which were soon shared by the merchant's interesting family, who come to join them.

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The first post office was established at Cincinnati in 1703;

## A SONG.

I have loved thee as I never
Loved a mortal heretofore,
And each moment I endeavor
To forget, but love thee more.
When the heart its worship giveth
Where it meets no love again,
Then a death within it liveth,
Which doth poison every vein.

And thy look is like the chilling
Fall of ice on southern air,
When the summer is distilling
Balm and music everywhere.
Thou hast changed my heart's sweet honey
Into bitter gall and and brine,
Yet my soul would still be sunny,
Caught it not a look from thine.

Fare thee well! but oh, remember,
When the spring-time lights thy way,
Thou dost make my life December,
While it should be sunny May.
Should my spirit flee before thee
To the angels' world above,
Sainted, still 'twill hover o'er thee,
And protect thee with its love.

From the Lancaster [Pa.] Republican.

## THE YANKEE GIRLS.

The pretty girls in Yankee land
You'll find exceedingly handy,
For doing chores, or making pies,
All know they are the dandy.

And if you wed our yankee gals,
They're famed for wit and beauty,
You'll find they make the best of wives,
And always do their duty;

Who clothed our soldiers in the war
Which made of us a nation?
The Yankee gals worked night and day,
Nor thought of degradation.

And now they still make up new cloths,
But not for fighting brothers,
They're making little trousaloons
Like good and faithful mothers.

God bless the yankee gals at home,
God bless their emigration,
If married, widowed, or unwed,
They beat all other nations.

Saving Time.—A clergyman, who had considerable of a farm as was generally the case in our forefathers' days, went to see one of his laborers, who was plowing in the field, and he found him sitting on the plow, resting his team.

John, said he, would it not be a good plan for you to have a stub scythe here and be hubbing a few bushes while the oxen are resting.

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How it is to Done.—An Irishman who was very near sighted, about to fight a duel insisted that he should stand six paces nearer to his antagonist than the other did to him, and that they were both to fire at the same time. This beats Sheridan's telling of a fat man who was going to fight a very slim one that the latter's slim figure ought to be chalked on the other's portly person, and if the bullet hit him outside of the chalk line it was to go for nothing.—Lancaster (Pa.) Republican.

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'O, I don't know,' said he, 'I've felt like a fool all day.'

'Well,' returned the wife consolingly, 'I'm afraid you'll never feel any better. you look the very picture of what you feel.'

Notice.—Estray. Came into our enclosure, somebody's small child, all stuck up with molasses candy. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take it away.

Did you ever know two men to spend six hours in a sharp controversy, and not afterwards disagree more widely than when they first began.

A Missouri critic, in speaking of Jenny Lind, says if she is not a good singer she ought to be, for God has been over six thousand years making her.

A Secret Worth Attenteion.—Let the jar, pitcher, or vesel used for water be surrounded with one or more folds of coarse cotton to be constantly wet. The evaporation of the water will carry off the heat from inside and reduct it to a *freezing* point. In India and other tropical regions where ice cannot be procured this is common.


DR. M. B. MELVIN,
Office and residence on the Island, F street, between 9 and 10th, South.
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Dr. J. PETTIT, a member of the MEDICAL SOCIETY of Onondago Co., N. York, and for forty years a successful practitioner of medicine, has by actual experiment, and a series of practice in a variety of diseases of the age, discovered a scientific apportionment of ingredients, combining *soothing, healing, and strengthening properties*, that have resulted in effecting many ASTONISHING CURES, and have secured to the AMERICAN EYE SALVE, A DESERVED RENOWN, *unequalled in the history of any similar preparation.*

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Please read the following statements:

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Hiram Gove, of Soutd Adams, Mass., says—"*I gave a box to a boy who had been afflicted with sore eyes for* THREE YEARS *and it cured him.*" The balance of the dozen are all gone, and several have spoken to me for some. Can you send me a quantity by Express?

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EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN WITHERS & CO.
WASHINGTON, D. C, 1851.

The undersigned respectfully announce to they have formed a Co-partnership to transact a GENERAL BANKING & EXCHANGE BUSINESS in this City, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS AND CO. and are prepaired to deal in Foreign And Domestic *Exchanges, Promissory Notes, Time-Bills, Certificates of Deposite, Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Coin;*

We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds of any designated point within or without the Union.

Mr. William Selden, a member of the firm, and for many years past, the TREASURER OF THE UNITED States, will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which he may be imployed to transact with any of the Departments with the Government.

Any business entrusted to our care will be transacted with fidelity, promptitude and upon the most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SELDEN,
Late treasurer of U. S.
JOHN WITHERS,
Of Alexandria, Va.
R. W. LATHAM,
Of Washington City;
L. P. BAYNE,
of Baltimore, Md.

# THE HUNTRESS

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 6, ::::1851


## FROM THE NATIONAL ERA:

"The Knoxville [Tenn.) Whig, edited by the notorious fighting parson, Brownlow, thus defies its position its position in relation to the next Presidency.

'Mr. Fillmore or Gen. Scott will be the Whig candidate for the Presidency, in 1852, as all can now see. Should Mr. Fillmore be the candidate, we will do battle in his his cause, to the very best of our humble abilities—should Gen. Scott be the candidate, we will not support him under any circumstances whatever, having no confidence in the man.'

'It evidently regards Webster's chances as not worth counting—an 'obsolete idea.'

'In another article in the same paper, Brownlow thus exhibits his regard for the principles of the Gospel of Christ, and what he understands by political toleration—

'We believe that the leaders of this agitation at the North, one and all, ought to be marched to the gallows, headed by Seward, Garrison, Gerrit Smith, David Wilmot, John Van Buren, Horace Mann, Bryant, et id omne genus, and hung by Southern negroes, with Southern grape vines!'

'Verily, this fighting parson is as bloody-minded as Nero. He has one virtue, which is that he conceals nothing."

Our friend Brownlow, is not willing to support Gen. Scott for the Presidency,—"having no confidence in the man." We should like to know who has—those who nominated him are well aware that he is a Nulity. He has neither the ability, intelligence, nor the courtesy which ought necessarily to be identified with the highest officer of a great nation.

But as we said, those who seek to make him President do not want a Chief Magistrate of sense or talents—an accomplished Statesman, or a man who can see through the motives of others, is what they dread above all things—for who will stand soaping, and can be flattered out of the little sense he has, is the man for them. But they will soon find a Cabinet to mould him to their taste—Gerrit Smith and Lloyd Garrison will be the leaders, for there is no doubt but the party have their eye on Gen. Scott as one whom they can manage.

Since we have been led into these remarks on the prospects of Gen. Scott as a Candidate for the Presidency, we find something on the subject in the same paper [the Era] which seems to meet our own suggestions—

## "GEN. SCOTT'S VIEWS ON SLAVERY.

To the Editor of the National Era,

'In your paper, July 17, 1851, I find the sentiments of Gen. Scott on the subject of slavery, expressed in his letter of 1843, and supposed to be still retained by him, published with reference to his nomination as a candidate for the Presidency, in which he says, 'Here, Columbia, with the consent of the owners, or on the payment of just compensation, Congress may legislate at its discretion: But my conviction is equally strong that, unless it be step by step with the Legislatures of Virginia and Maryland, it would be dangerous to both races in those States to touch the relation between master and slave in this District.' This danger he infers from the 'unavoidable irritation produced in the Southern States.' He goes on to say, 'I own, myself, no slave, but never have attached blame to masters for not liberating their slaves—knowing that liberation, without the means of sending them in comfort to some position favorable to 'the pursuit of happiness,' would in most cases, be highly injurious to all around, as well as to the manumitted families themselves, unless the operation were general, and under the auspices of prudent legislation. But I am persuaded that it is a high moral obligation of masters and slaveholding States to employ all means, not incompatible with the safety of both colors, to meliorate slavery even to extermination."

This was in 1843—many things have turned up since, which may have changed the General's political sentiments.

Let this be as it may, his letter is followed by one of the most daring outrages, upon civilized life, and common sense we have heard or read of yet, of this people. If sharks were indued with the gift of speech it is such language as we might suppose them to use when quarrelling over a shipwreck of human beings. It would seem that this 'cause of freedom,' is the cause of tyranny; see how arrogantly they dictate to Gen, Scott, not allowing him the liberty to think, much less act for himself eventually.

Some extraordinary disappointment must have befel them surely, they are so rabid; Perhaps the writer had heard of the Boston resolutions—a few extracts will suffice to show what Gen. Scott must expect if he succeeds by their votes. Here follows the comments of the Era's correspondent,

"As I am a voter, may I be allowed a word of remark as to the correctness of the General's sentiments? Civil authority I suppose to be an institution of God's appointing, to keep his own world in order, and is the only means by which we can claim a right to exercise authority and government over our own fellow man. Admit this, and it follows of course that the Bible is the plenary source of our instruction and rule of our conduct. Deny this, and we render ourselves obnoxious to the charge of hypocrisy in all our public professions of religious and moral obligations to God, as the moral governor of the universe. I say then, man as an individual, a creature of God, has his rights from his Creator, and by him it is declared that he 'has made of one blood all nations of men to dwell on all the face of the earth; and determined the times before appointed, and the bounds of their habitation.' 'That we have all one Father, and that one God has created us,' and has taught us to pray, 'our Father which art in Heaven,' &c. From this Divine testimony, we, as an independent nation, have declared and published to the world, and the nations of the earth, our right to be such—'that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these, are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.' These truths we have declared to be 'self-evident.' In this way, and under these circumstances, I must suppose Virginia and Maryland, as States, were formed and still exist. As free men, claiming the above inalienable rights, we form ourselves into communities, States, and nations, still acknowledging and claiming these rights and privileges in all these relations from God, and accountable to him for the observance of his law, and our duties resulting from them."

Thus far it is the old song. But the gentleman grows warm as he proceeds, till he knows no equal, and as it were, teaches the forthcoming President whoever he may be, his imperitive duty, at the rate of two columns of the Era, a large paper. He 'oughter' speak for himself. From the same above quoted—

"Are we to be driven from our obvious duty to God, and our fellow men, for fear of 'irritation' and the threats of Southern tyrants? Is it indispensable that the consent of slaveholders should be had, and their demand satisfied before civil authority [God's appointed means for the suppression of vice] can legislate on a moral question of right and wrong? The moment the cession of those States was made to Congress, that moment, as I consider, so far as moral principle is concerned, the question of slavery in the District of Columbia became a fit subject of legislative consideration and enactment, and over which Congress had the sole and exclusive right. Congress itself considered those slave laws of Virginia and Maryland null and void, or at least subject to their revision—otherwise they would not have re-enacted them. Civil authority, judges, &c. are solemnly warned 'to take heed what they do, for they judge not for men, but for the Lord, who was with them in judgment,' and therefore cautioned to judge in his fear, and copy his example of impartiality, integrity, and justice, 'for, said he, there is no iniquity with the Lord our God, nor respect of persons, nor taking of gifts."

It is a blessing for which the people of this country can never be thankful enough, that the Freedom of conscience to worship their Maker in the way they loved best, was secured to them in time. What oceans of trouble and calamity, has it not saved us—independent of that savage ferocity with which these men would have scourged, hung, branded and have bored human tongues,—what a soother of sorrows, what a cordial to the heart what a reviver of souls—'when friends were faithless or when foes pursue.' It was still our comfort that the bigot's arm was stayed—and yet this best gift of Heaven is the very blessing itself, of which those monsters would deprive us.

Every religious sect seems to have fallen under their ban. The Presbyterian old school not the least, but what most deserves resentment, is their threatened attack upon the Cherokees and Choctaws—these two nations mind ye, are amongst the wealthiest people in North America.

The following from the Boston Reselutions, is quite a damper,

'4th, Resolved, that the convention reaffirms the resolution passed by the Democratic State convention, on September 16 1846, in fenauil Hall, in these words, Resolved, That we hold the integrity of the Union as established by the Constitution, and therefore we deprecate as disunion, in its worst form the attempts of any party or class to stigmatize and denounce one portion of the Union, or its domestic institutions, with which the Constitution does not enterfere, and of the propriety of which each State is its own independent judge."

## THE CUBA AFFAIR.

Alas! for poor human nature! It is truly said that man only, is the enemy of man.—Look at our country, almost boundless: we own from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, and from Canada to the bounudry line of California and New Mexico, and still they are not satisfied. 'O we must have Cuba.' Yet no one who has a spark of humanity can contemplate the inhuman act of putting to death almost without warning and without trial, such a number of human beings—without horror! It has no parallel in history that we recollect, we repeat, if we except the massacre of St. Bartholomew, by Lewis the IX of France, and both were the acts of Church and State governments. Therefore such an act of unqualified cruelty would never have been carried out under this government. It would have detained them probably in prison, unfil an account of the event could be sent to their own government, and punishment in some shape or degree, might have been adjudged to them. It is with much pain we learn that our people are making preparations for another invasion. Bad idea! men that will not grow wise from experience must take the consequence, the 'greed of some folks.' The gold, silver, precious gems and images that abound throughout Havana is all the freedom the most of them care for, who go from this country.

## THE METROPOLITAN.

We are pleased to hear that Mrs. Lasselle is gaining praise and patronage weekly. It would be a thousand pities to suffer a paper of high classical attainments to expire, or even flag for want of patronage—it not only comes up to the best literary standard, but is pleasing and instructing But the style, and spirit, has not a parallel, not a paragraph; sentence nor a line, in the whole miscellany of the paper but appears new.

The history of Lasselle, the first navagator of the Mississippi, the ancestor of Madam L's. husband, will be found quite interesting.

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## PROSPECTUS

OF THE

## NATIONAL MONUMENT,

A WEEKLY JOURNAL,

To be published in Washington, under the anction of the Washington National Monument Society.

—

JAMES C. PICKETT, Editor and Publisher.

—

The Monument is intended to be a literary, agricultural, and miscellaneous paper. It will contain select portions of the literature of the day- the best that can be found in American and *European* publications; interesting scientific articles, embracing mechanics, foreign and domestic news, a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress, and everything that such a journal might be expected to contain, with the exception of party politics, which will be at all times most rigorously excluded.

The Monument will be published for the express and sole purpose of aiding in the erection of the noble column now rising on the bank of the Potomac, in honor of the Father of his Country, and which every one who venerate the name of Washington, would rejoice to see completed. After deducting out of the subscription, the expense of the journal proposed to be published, the remaining funds will be faithfully applied, and without reserve, to the purpose indicated. The aid therefore, of all who are willing to contribute to so patriotic an object, and one so entirely national, is earnestly requested. By snbscribing to the Monument a valuable journal at a low price may be obtained, while it will be doing something, at the same time, towards completing that majestic memorial of the Nation's gratitude.

The Board of Managers recommend Mr. Pickett, formerly Fourth Auditor of the Treasury and Charge d'Affaires to Peru, who proposes to edit and publish the Monument journal at one well qualified to perform the duties of editor, and to conduct the paper, faithfully and satisfactorily to the subscribers. They assure their fellow citizens that this enterprise is not a speculation got up for individual emolument. Mr. Pickett will make the experiment with his own means and at his own risk, and if successful, he will receive nothing more, and he asks nothing more, than a very moderate compensation for his services. Not one dollar therefore, of the direct subscription to the erection of the Monument will be, in any event, applied to the support of the paper, nor the Society in any manner held pecuniarily responsible.

To give the public an idea of what may be done with the journal it is proposed to publish it may be stated that a list of fifty thousand paying subscribers, at two dollars each, will yield an annual net profit of from fifty to sixty thousand dollars.

☞ The postmasters and Secretaries of all organized bodies throughout the Union, are respectfully requested to act as agents in obtaining subscriptions, thus aiding the great object of our exertions.

All moneys will be remitted and all letters and communications addressed prepaid, to the General agent of the Monument Society, Hon. Elisha Whittlesey. Washington.

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Washington City

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## HORN'S U. S. GAZETTE,

Containing Diagrams of various Rail roads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order, hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c. &c

*To Travellers.*

The cars stop at the station marked five minutes for refreshments, where not otherwise mentioned.

*Trains* put up thus, 7 AM, 8 PM, 7 AM, 12 M, at the head of each railroad, are through passenger trains. The right hand must be taken, the times being for both going and coming.

R W. LATHAM & CO'S. EXCHANGE & BANKING HOUSE,

Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat. Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the *United* States bought *and* sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes and bills on Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, funds at a charge of one quarter per cent, collection made on all the principle cities of the *Union* upon the most favorable terms.

Exchange, *Bills* of dexchange and checks on the most principal cities of union bought and sold at the best rates

## THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

UNRIVALLED INDUCEMENTS FOR 1850

A MAMMOTH PAPER.

DEVOTED TO MORALITY, PURE LITERATURE, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS, AGRICULTURE, SCIENCE, ART AND AMUSEMENT.

This paper contains from one-fourth to one half more than the generality of two Dollar city weeklies.

The Proprietors of the SATURDAY EVENING POST return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the patronage extended to them since the enlargement of their paper, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. The belief expressed in their last Prospectus, that the POST is destined to take it stand at the very head of the weekly press is fast becoming realized. The reason of this is in a great degree, to be found in the stand the POST has always taken against the immoral literature of the day. The public have felt, in the language of the North American and United States Gazette, of this city, that "The Post has done much towards correcting the taste of the newspaper reading public."

The proprietors of the Saturday Evening Post, in coming before the public with a new Prospectus, would respectfully solicit attention to what they have done in the past, as a guarantee for their promises of the future. They may safely say that no other paper in America has given to its readers so large and well chosen an amount of all kinds of reading, elegant and useful imaginative and practical, during the last year as the *Post*. To say nothing of other tales and sketches. what paper has laid before its subscribers during the past year four such novelets as *Henery* Benson,' 'The child Stealer,' 'Isabel Denison,' and The Deserted Wife?'

And the proprietors of the Post are determined that if possible the coming year shall be even a more brilliant one then the past. To begin with they have already secured the following original contributions, which will be published, and other choice pictures of life during the coming year:

The Baymounts: A Novelet by Miss *Leslie*; author of "Mrs, Washington Potts &c. &c.

The Bride Of An Evening, A Tale Of Western Life A *Novelet*, by Mrs Southworth, author of "retribution,' 'The Deserted Wife,' &c

The Old Astrologer or, The *Prophecy* Fulfilled, A *Novelet* by T S *Arthur*, author of 'agnes or the Possessed,' the Child stealer,' &c,

The *Belle And* the Blue; A Novelet by Caroline Lee Hentz, author of "The Mob *Cap*,' 'Aunt Patty's scrubag

TERMS.

The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, *if* not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but mistakingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

4 COPIES,
8 (And one to Agent, or getter up of the Club
13 do do do
Lady's Book for six dollars.

Three Copies of the Saturday Evening, Post and two of the Ladies Garland for five dollars

Two Copies of the Saturday Evening Post, and two of the Fountain, (containing 252 pages of original letter press, and 8 of Sartains best Magazine engraving,) for four dollars.

DEACON & PETERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

## THE ATLAS,

PUBLISED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (secrets. between Beekman and Ann streets

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance for, paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

## IRON CITY

The cheapest Paper in the West

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

This paper hereafter will be furnished subcribers on the following

TERMS.

| | |
|---|---|
| For one year paid in advance, | 1,00 |
| do do, paid within three months | 1,50 |
| If paid until the end of the year, | 1,58 |

Whitney and Dunn

## DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world.

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debiliating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES

THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.
50,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

*Ulcers*, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c, together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of New York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D, R B Briggs M D, P E Elmendorf M D,

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. *Being* engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arrising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours;
C. S Preston M D.

*United States Officer."*

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the *U. S.* Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system *left* in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After *taking* two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. *I* have continued taking it, and improve every day I *believe it* saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparill a has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Three Children.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the scrofula by the use of your excellent medecine. They were aflicted very severely with bad sores; having taken only four bottles, it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

yours respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 108. Woost
New York, March 1, 1847.

Scientific American,

CIRCULATION 16,000

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

At 128 Fulton street, N. Y., [Sun Building, and 13, Court street, Boston, Mass,

BY MUNN & COMPANY,

## THE CITY YAZOO WHIG.

Printed and Published every Friday at Mississippi:

*By* Mrs. HARRIET N. PREWETT

On Jefferson Street.

TERMS.—The *Whig* will be furnished to subscribers at Three Dollars per annum in advance, or Four if not paid within a month. Five Dollars at the end of the year.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per square for the *first* insertion and 50 cents for each week thereafter; ten lines or less constituting a square, the number of insertions required must be marked on the margin of the manuscript or they will be inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.

Yearly Advertising.

For forty lines or less renewable at pleasure 40,00 dollars. No contract taken for less than one year, and payable half yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons ent in by them, must be paid for by the quare

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Professional | *Advertisements* | | | | |
| or 10 lines or less not alterable, | 3 | months | 8 | 00. | |
| 10 | do | do | do | 6 | do 1500 |
| do 10 | do | do | do | 12 | do 2000 |

## THE BOOK TRADE,

IS PUBLISHED MONTHLY AT 25CE ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

BY H. WILSON

49 *ANN STREET, NEW-YORK.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Announcement of forthcoming works (consisting of the titles thereof, style, No. of Vols., No. of pages, author's name, style of binding, name and address of publisher, and price, not exceeding eight lines,) | $0,50 |
| (The above named particulars of all large and small works published within the current month are inserted gratuitously upon being forwarded to the Publisher, post paid. Published lishers will confer a favor by furnishing these particulars) | |
| Akvertisements over six lines, or less, | 1,00 |
| Advertisements over sixteen lines, at the rate of 6 1-4 cents per line. | |

All communications must be post paid.

TO PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

On the seventh page of this sheet is a list of all publications issued by the different publishing houses in the U. States, during the month ending March 31, 1851, of which we have been able to procure any information with such particulars as have been communicated to us.

It is our intention to continue the publication of this paper monthly for a time, and to insert therein gratuitously, a list of all the publications issued in the United States each mouth,

Also we intend to commence shortly the publication of a list of all the booksellers in the United States and Canada whose names and post office we may be able to obtain—alphabetically arranged,

All publishers into whose hands a copy of this sheet may fall are respectfully requested to forward to us (post paid) immediately upon the receipt thereof a list of all their publications from a penny toy book up to a folio Bible, within the month previous to the date of their communication.

As we have already procured a list of a large number of the booksellers through the United States and Canada, which we are constantly enlarging, to whom copies of the succeeding numbers of the 'Book Trade' will be forwarded, the publicity given to the lists so furnished will undoubtedly remunerate them for the slight inconvenience which may attend upon an immediate compliance with this request.

We are also desrou to rend itof booksellers as perfect as possible previous to commencing its publication, and will consequently be glad to receive such information of the names and addresses of others in the trade and in their neighborhood from those to whom copies of this number are addressed, who may feel disposed to aid us in the matter, as they may be able to furnish.

## GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

For sale Wholesale and Retail,

J, F, CALLAN'S

Drug store corner 7, Sts

Among which may be found the following, Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, brocell, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do, Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, Endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excelent for soups, onions white red and silver varsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears Pery early, and late pepper squash and other pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest of turnips all the onion setts &c

## THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsviles, Preston county Virginia by S. Heermans.

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six monts, or two dollars & and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adheared to.

Rates of advertiseting. Twelve lines or less one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

Yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privilage of one copying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the editor, F., B. Woodward Fellowsville, Preston co, Va.

## THE CARPET-BAG

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY

BY SNOW & WILDER,

At the Pathfinder office, No. 5 Washington Street, Boston, and sold by Newspaper and Periodical Dealers throughout the country.

TERMS—Two Dollars a year. Five copies sent to one order for Eight Dollars, ten copies for Fifteen Dollars. In all cases the money must be paid in advance. No paper will be sent longer than it is paid for.

Agents are authorized to receive subscriptions and forward the money.

## CARVALHO'S GALLERY

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and Penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, No. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.

## PROSPECTUS
OF THE
## NATIONAL MONUMENT,

A WEEKLY JOURNAL,

To be published in Washington, under the anction of the Washington National Monument Society.

—

JAMES C. PICKETT, Editor and Publisher.

—

The Monument is intended to be a literary, agricultural, and miscellaneous paper. It will contain select portions of the literature of the day- the best that can be found in American and *European* publications; interesting scientific articles, embracing mechanics, foreign and domestic news, a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress, and everything that such a journal might be expected to contain, with the exception of party politics, which will be at all times most rigorously excluded.

The Monument will be published for the express and sole purpose of aiding in the erection of the noble column now *rising* on the bank of the Potomac, in honor of the Father of his Country, and which every one who venerate the name of Washington, would rejoice to see completed. After deducting out of the subscription, the expense of the journal proposed to be published, the remaining funds will be faithfully applied, and without reserve, to the purpose indicated. The aid therefore, of all who are willing to contribute to so patriotic an object, and one so entirely national, is earnestly requested. By subscribing to the Monument a valuable journal at a low price may be obtained, while it will be doing something, at the same time, towards completing that majestic memorial of the Nation's gratitude.

The Board of Managers recommend Mr. Pickett, formerly Fourth Auditor of the Treasury and Charge d'Affaires to Peru, who proposes to edit and publish the Monument journal at one well qualified to perform the duties of editor, and to conduct the paper, faithfully and satisfactorily to the subscribers. They assure their fellow citizens that this enterprise is not a speculation got up for individual emolument. Mr. Pickett will make the experiment with his own means and at his own risk, and if successful, he will receive nothing more, and he asks nothing more, than a very moderate compensation for his services. Not one dollar therefore, of the direct subscription to the erection of the Monument will be, in any event, applied to the support of the paper, nor the Society in any manner held pecuniarily responsible.

To give the public an idea of what may be done with the journal it is proposed to publish it may be stated that a list of fifty thousand paying subscribers, at two dollars each, will yield an annual net profit of from fifty to sixty thousand dollars.

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IRON CITY
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ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

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| | |
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| For one year paid in advance, | 1, 00 |
| do do, paid within three months | 1, 00 |
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Whitney and Dunn

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CIRCULATION 16,000
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BY MUNN & COMPANY,

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Printed and Published euory Friday at *Mississippi*:
*By* Mrs. HARRIET N. PREW ET
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Professional *Advertisements*.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| For 10 lines or less not alterable, | 3 | months | 8 | 00 |
| 10 | do | do | do | 6 | do | 15 00 |
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BY H. WILSON
49 *ANN STREET, NEW YORK.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcement of forthcoming works (consisting of the titles thereof, style, No. of Vols., No. of pages, author's name, style of binding, name and address of publisher, and price, not exceeding eight lines,) $0,50
(The above named particulars of all large and small works published within the current month are inserted gratuitously upon being forwarded to the Publisher, post paid. Publishers will confer a favor by furnishing these particulars)
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It is our intention to continue the publication of this paper monthly for a time, and to insert therein gratuitously, a list of all the publications issued in the United States each mouth.

Also we intend to commence shortly the publication of a list of all the booksellers in the United States and Canada whose names and post office we may be able to obtain—alphabetically arranged.

All publishers into whose hands a copy of this sheet may fall are respectfully requested to forward to us (post paid) immediately upon the receipt thereof a list of all their publications from a penny toy book up to a folio Bible, within the month previous to the date of their communication.

As we have already procured a list of a large number of the booksellers through the United States and Canada, which we are constantly enlarging, to whom copies of the succeeding numbers of the 'Book Trade' will be forwarded, the publicity given to the lists so furnished will undoubtedly remunerate them for the slight inconvenience which may attend upon an immediate compliance with this request.

We are also desirous to render a list of booksellers as perfect as possible previous to commencing its publication, and will consequently be glad to receive such information of the names and addresses of others in the trade and in their neighborhood from those to whom copies of this number are addressed, who may feel disposed to aid us in the matter, as they may be able to furnish.

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GARDEN AND FLOWER Seeds
For sale Wholesale and Retail,
J, F, CALLAN'S
Drug store corner 7, 8ts.

Among which may be found the following, Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do, Cauliflowers late and early Celery, white and red, Cherlu, or Salsef, Corn, Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, extra for soups, onions white red and silver parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears Pery early, and late pepper squash and others pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest. of turnips all the onion setts &c

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THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsviles, Preston county Virginia by S. Heermans

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars & and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adheared to.

Rates of advertiseting. Twelve lines or less one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

Yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privilage of occupying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the editor, F. B. WOODWARD Fellowsville, Preston co Va.

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THE CARPET-BAG
IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY SNOW & WILDER,
At the Pathfinder office, No. 5 Washington Street, Boston, and sold by Newspaper and Periodical Dealers throughout the country.

TERMS—Two Dollars a year. Five copies sent to one order for Eight Dollars, ten copies for Fifteen Dollars. In all cases the money must be paid in advance. No paper will be sent longer than it is paid for.

Postmasters are authorized to receive subscriptions and forward the money.'

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CARVALHO'S GALLERY
Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and Penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, NO. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. *A* private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather is the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.